New interlock switches that can be locked and unlocked with a key.

- Head removal detection circuitry.
- High-security pin tumbler key is used. Sixteen types of key numbers are available.
- Available with rear unlocking button for emergency escape.
- Accessory available for aluminum frame mounting.
- The locking strength is 1400N minimum. (GS-ET-19)
- The head orientation can be rotated, allowing 8 different actuator entries.
- Metal actuator entry slot ensures high durability.
- Actuator with rubber bushings alleviates the impact of the actuator entry slot.
- Environmentally-friendly. RoHs directive compliant.
- Compact body: 35 × 40 × 146 mm

Angle Adjustable Actuator (vertical) Right-angle Actuator w/rubber bushings

Right-angle Actuator (SUS304)

Actuator

Ratings

Contact Rating

Rated Insu	lation	Voltage (Ui) (Note 1)	250V			
Rated Thermal Current (Ith)			Operating temperature: -25°C to 60°C: 2.5A max. 60°C to 65°C: 1.5A max. 65°C to 70°C: 1.0A max.			
Rated Volta	Rated Voltage (Ue)			125V	250V	
Rated	AC DC	Resistive Load (AC-12)	_	2.5A	1.5A	
Current (le)		Inductive Load (AC-15)	-	1.5A	0.75A	
		Resistive Load (DC-12)	2.5A	1.1A	0.55A	
(Note 2)		Inductive Load (DC-15)	2.3A	0.55A	0.27A	

Minimum applicable load (reference value) = 3V AC/DC, 5 mA (Applicable range may vary with operating conditions and load types.)

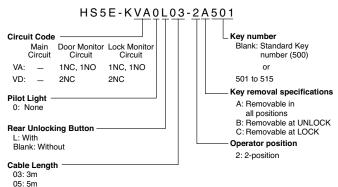
Approved ratings

TÜV	AC-15 250V/0.75A DC-13 125V/0.22A DC-13 30V/2.3A
UL/c-UL	AC 125V/1.5A Pilot Duty DC 125V/0.22A Pilot Duty

Key Specifications

Operating Method	2-position maintained		
Mechanical Durability	100,000 operations minimum		
Insertion/Removal Durability	10,000 operations minimum		
Operator Strength	1.0 N·m minimum		
Direct Opening Force	0.6 N·m minimum		
Direct Opening Angle	60° minimum		

Part No. Development



General Specifications

Applicable Standards for use) Operating Temperature Applicable Standards for use) Applicable Standards Applicable Stand	General Spec	ilications			
Relative Humidity Storage Temperature -40 to +80°C (No freezing) 3 Impulse Withstand Voltage Between live and dead metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal part and ground: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 mΩ minimum (100 m/s² 20 perating extremes: 100 m/s² 20 perating extremes: 100 m/s² 20 perating ex	Applicable Standards	EN60947-5-1 (TÜV approved) GS-ET-19 (TÜV approved) UL508 (UL recognized) CSA C22.2 No. 14 (c-UL recognized) IEC60204-1/EN60204-1			
Storage Temperature Pollution Degree 3 Impulse Withstand Voltage Between live and dead metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal part and ground: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum [Electric Shock Class Class II (IEC61140) Degree of Protection Shock Resistance Vibration Resistance Vibration Resistance Operating extremes: 100 m/s² Damage limits: 1,000 m/s² Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm Actuator Operating Speed Actuator HS9Z-A51: 11 mm minimum Actuator HS9Z-A51×A52A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum Direct Opening Force Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) Operating Frequency Pear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability Mechanical Durability I,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) 100,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) 100,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) 100,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A)	Operating Temperature	-25 to +70°C (No freezing)			
Pollution Degree 3 Impulse Withstand Voltage 2.5 kV Between live and dead metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal part and ground: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal part and ground: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (Actuator HS92-A51A/A52/A52A/A53/A51 mm pole: 100 MΩ (BS-T-19) To the same pole: 100 MΩ (BS-T-19) To the sa	Relative Humidity	45 to 85% (No condensation)			
Impulse Withstand Voltage Between live and dead metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal part and ground: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal part and ground: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ (600V DC m	Storage Temperature	-40 to +80°C (No freezing)			
Voltage 2.5 kV	Pollution Degree	3			
Insulation Resistance (500V DC megger) Between live metal part and ground: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole: 100 MΩ minimum Class II (IEC61140) Degree of Protection IP65 (IEC60529) Shock Resistance Operating extremes: 100 m/s² Damage limits: 1,000 m/s² Operating extremes: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm Actuator Operating Speed Actuator HS9Z-A51: 11 mm minimum Actuator HS9Z-A51ε 11 mm minimum Actuator HS9Z-A51ε A/A52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum Direct Opening Force Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) Operating Frequency Pear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability Mechanical Durability In00,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations min					
Degree of Protection IP65 (IEC60529) Shock Resistance Operating extremes: 100 m/s² Damage limits: 1,000 m/s² Operating extremes: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm Actuator Operating Speed 0.05 to 1.0 m/s Direct Opening Travel Actuator HS9Z-A51: 11 mm minimum Actuator HS9Z-A51A/A52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum Direct Opening Force 80N minimum Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) 1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19) Operating Frequency 900 operations per hour Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability 3,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L) Electrical Durability 1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) Electrical Durability 100,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A)		100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal part and ground: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between live metal parts: 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) Between terminals of the same pole:			
Shock Resistance Operating extremes: 100 m/s² Damage limits: 1,000 m/s² Operating extremes: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm Operating extremes: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm Operating Speed Actuator Operating Speed Actuator HS9Z-A51: 11 mm minimum Actuator HS9Z-A51A/A52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum Direct Opening Force 80N minimum Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) Operating Frequency 900 operations per hour Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability Mechanical Durability Electrical Durability Electrical Durability Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed Conditional Short-circuit Current Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Qoperating sextremes: 100 m/s² A,000 m/s² Operating extremes: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm Damage limits: 1,000 #S Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm Actuator HS9Z-A51: 11 mm minimum minimum McCha52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum (GS-ET-19) 1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19) 1,000,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1	Electric Shock Class	Class II (IEC61140)			
Damage limits: 1,000 m/s² Vibration Resistance Operating extremes: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm Actuator Operating Speed 0.05 to 1.0 m/s Actuator HS9Z-A51: 11 mm minimum Actuator HS9Z-A51A/A52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum Direct Opening Force 80N minimum Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) 1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19) Operating Frequency 900 operations per hour Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability 3,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L) Electrical Durability 1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) Electrical Durability 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1 youngle for the properties of	Degree of Protection	,			
Damage limits: 30 Hz, amplitude 1.5 mm Actuator Operating Speed Direct Opening Travel Direct Opening Force Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) Operating Frequency Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability Mechanical Durability Electrical Durability Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed Conditional Short-circuit Current Cable Diameter Direct Opening Travel Actuator HS9Z-A51: 11 mm minimum Actuator HS9Z-A51A/A52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum (GS-ET-19) 1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19) 900 operations per hour 3,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L) 100,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Withstand voltage: 1,000V for 1 minute (initial value) UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Ø7.6 mm	Shock Resistance	Damage limits: 1,000 m/s ²			
Speed 0.05 to 1.0 m/s Direct Opening Travel Actuator HS9Z-A51: 11 mm minimum Actuator HS9Z-A51A/A52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum Direct Opening Force 80N minimum Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) 1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19) Operating Frequency 900 operations per hour Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability 3,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L) Mechanical Durability 1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) Electrical Durability 100,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed Mechanical durability: 10 operations minimum Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value) Conditional Short-circuit Current 50A (250V) (Note 2) Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Cable Diameter ø7.6 mm					
Direct Opening Travel Actuator HS9Z-A51A/A52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm minimum Direct Opening Force 80N minimum Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) 1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19) Operating Frequency 900 operations per hour Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability 3,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L) Mechanical Durability 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed Mechanical durability: 10 operations minimum Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value) Conditional Short-circuit Current 50A (250V) (Note 2) Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Cable Diameter 97.6 mm					
Actuator Retention Force (Note 1) Operating Frequency Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability Mechanical Durability Electrical Durability Electrical Durability Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed 1 conditional Short-circuit Current Cable Cable Diameter 1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19) 1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19) 3,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Mechanical durability: 10 operations minimum Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value) Withstand voltage: 1,000V for 1 minute (initial value) UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Ø7.6 mm	Direct Opening Travel	Actuator HS9Z-A51A/A52/A52A/A53/A55: 12 mm			
Force (Note 1) Operating Frequency Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability Mechanical Durability Electrical Durability Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed 1 conditional Short-circuit Current Cable Cable Diameter 1,400N minimum (GS-E1-19) 1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) 100,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Mechanical durability: 10 operations minimum Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value) Withstand voltage: 1,000V for 1 minute (initial value) UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Ø7.6 mm	, ,	80N minimum			
Rear Unlocking Button Mechanical Durability 3,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L) Mechanical Durability 1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) Electrical Durability 100,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed Mechanical durability: 10 operations minimum Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value) Conditional Short- circuit Current 50A (250V) (Note 2) Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Cable Diameter ø7.6 mm		1,400N minimum (GS-ET-19)			
Button Mechanical Durability Mechanical Durability 1,000,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) 100,000 operations minimum (GS-ET-19) 100,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed Conditional Short-circuit Current Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) 3,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L) 10,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Mechanical durability: 10 operations minimum Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value) Withstand voltage: 1,000V for 1 minute (initial value) 50A (250V) (Note 2) Cable Diameter 97.6 mm		900 operations per hour			
100,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed Withstand voltage: 1,000V for 1 minute (initial value) Conditional Short-circuit Current Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Cable Diameter 000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 1A) 1,000,000 operations per hour) 1,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 100 operations per hour) 2,000,000 operations minimum (AC-12, 250V, 100 operations per hour) 2,000,000 operation	Button Mechanical	3,000 operations minimum (HS5E-K□L)			
Electrical Durability 1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Performance between 41 and 42 when head is removed Conditional Short- circuit Current Cable Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) 4,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA) (Operating frequency: 900 operations per hour) Mechanical durability: 10 operations minimum Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value) Withstand voltage: 1,000V for 1 minute (initial value) 50A (250V) (Note 2) UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core)	Mechanical Durability				
41 and 42 when head is removed Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value) Conditional Short-circuit Current 50A (250V) (Note 2) Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Cable Diameter Ø7.6 mm	Electrical Durability	1,000,000 operations minimum (24V AC/DC, 100 mA)			
circuit Current Cable UL2464, No. 22 AWG (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Cable Diameter Ø7.6 mm	41 and 42 when head	Insulation resistance: 100 MΩ (initial value)			
Cable Diameter (12-core, 0.3 mm2 or equivalent/core) Ø7.6 mm		, , , ,			
	Cable				
Weight (approx.) 510g (3m cable), 680g (5m cable)	Cable Diameter	ø7.6 mm			
	Weight (approx.)	510g (3m cable), 680g (5m cable)			

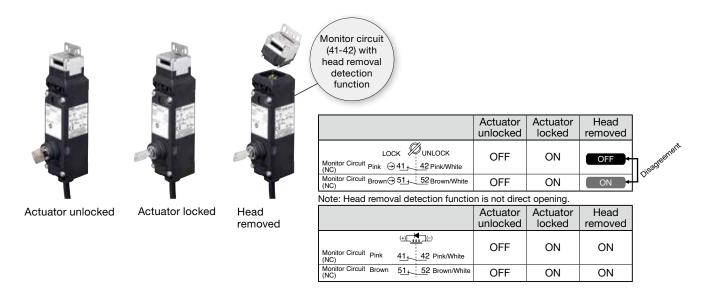
Note 1: See page 54 for actuator retention force.

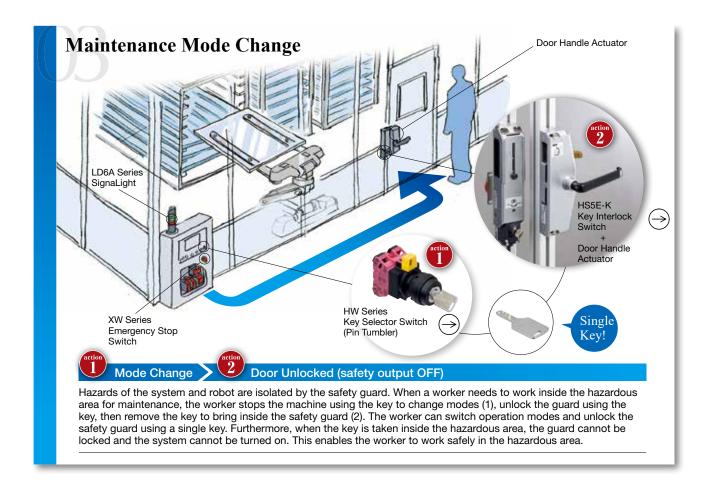
Note 2: Use 250V/10A fast-blow fuse for short-circuit protection.

Head Removal Detection Circuitry (patented)

Head removal detection circuitry is employed in the HS5E-K. With this innovative function, the monitor circuit (41-42) turns off when the head is removed from the switch, such as when removing the head to change the head direction (applicable with all models of HS5E-K).

With the head installed on the switch, monitor circuits 41-42 and 51-52 operate in synchronization while the key locks/unlocks the actuator. When the head is removed, 41-42 turns off and 51-52 turns on. This disagreement is detected by the head removal detection function.





Interlock Switch Package Quantity: 1

Rear Unlocking Button	Circuit Code	Contact Configuration	Key Removal Position	Cable Length	Part No.
			A (removable in all positions)	3m	HS5E-KVA003-2A
				5m	HS5E-KVA005-2A
	VA	Monitor Circuit : ⊕ 11 12 LOCK UNLOCK	B (removal in UNLOCK position)	3m	HS5E-KVA003-2B
	VA	Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 113 12 \bigcirc 41 42 \bigcirc 42 Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 23 24		5m	HS5E-KVA005-2B
		Monitor Circuit : 53 54	C (removable in LOCK	3m	HS5E-KVA003-2C
Without			position)	5m	HS5E-KVA005-2C
Without			A (removable in all	3m	HS5E-KVD003-2A
			positions)	5m	HS5E-KVD005-2A
	VD	Marine Commits (C) 111 12	B (removal in UNLOCK	3m	HS5E-KVD003-2B
		Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 11 \ 12 Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 41 \ 42 Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 21 \ 22	position)	5m	HS5E-KVD005-2B
		Monitor Circuit : → 51 52	C (removable in LOCK position)	3m	HS5E-KVD003-2C
				5m	HS5E-KVD005-2C
	VA Moni Moni		A (removable in all positions) B (removal in UNLOCK position)	3m	HS5E-KVA0L03-2A
		LOCK UNLOCK		5m	HS5E-KVA0L05-2A
		Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 111 12 \bigcirc 41 42		3m	HS5E-KVA0L03-2B
		Monitor Circuit : 23 24 Monitor Circuit : 53 54		5m	HS5E-KVA0L05-2B
			C (removable in LOCK position)	3m	HS5E-KVA0L03-2C
With				5m	HS5E-KVA0L05-2C
			A (removable in all	3m	HS5E-KVD0L03-2A
			positions)	5m	HS5E-KVD0L05-2A
	VD	Monitor Circuit : \bigcirc 11 12 \bigcirc 41 42	B (removal in UNLOCK	3m	HS5E-KVD0L03-2B
		Monitor Circuit : Θ 21 22 Monitor Circuit : Θ 51 52	position)	5m	HS5E-KVD0L05-2B
			C (removable in LOCK position)	3m	HS5E-KVD0L03-2C
				5m	HS5E-KVD0L05-2C

- The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.
- Key LOCK and UNLOCK positions are as shown on the right.
- Actuators are not supplied with interlock switches and must be ordered separately.
- To select key numbers, specify numbers 501 to 515 after the Part No.
- When a key number is not specified, key number 500 is supplied as the default key. Example: HS5E-KVA003-2A<u>501</u>

500 (default key) to 515

Note: The key number is engraved on the cylinder.

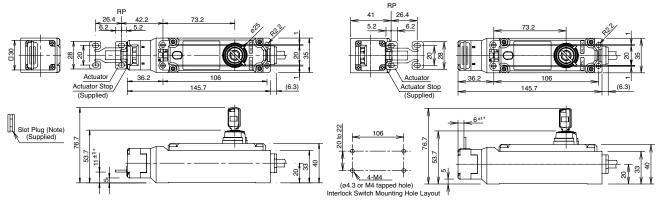


Dimensions and Mounting Layouts

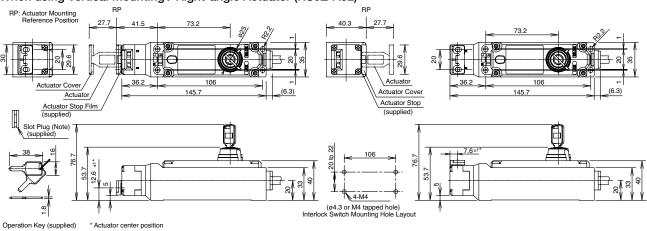
All dimensions in mm.

HS5E-K□

When using Horizontal Mounting / Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A51)

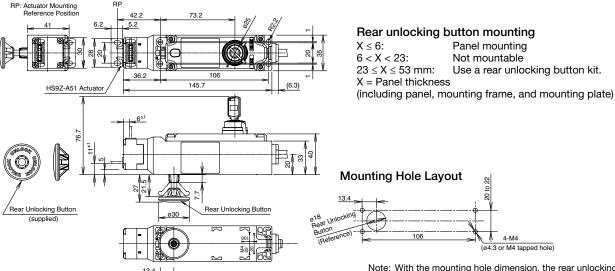


When using Vertical Mounting / Right-angle Actuator (HS9Z-A52)



HS5E-K□L (Rear Unlocking Button)

When using Horizontal Mounting / Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A51)



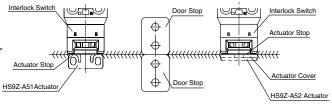
Plug the unused actuator entry slot using the plug supplied with the switch.

Note: With the mounting hole dimension, the rear unlocking button rod does not touch the hole even when the interlock switch moves sideways.

Actuator Mounting Reference Position

As shown in the figure on the right, the mounting reference position of the actuator when inserted in the interlock switch is the position where the actuator stop placed on the actuator lightly touches the side surface of the interlock switch.

Note: After mounting the actuator, remove the actuator stop from the actuator.



Actuators

Description	Part No.	Actuator Retention Force		
Straight	HS9Z-A51			
Straight with rubber bushings	HS9Z-A51A			
Right-angle	HS9Z-A52	1,400N minimum		
Right-angle with rubber bushings	HS9Z-A52A			
Angle Adjustable (vertical)	HS9Z-A53			
Angle Adjustable (vertical/horizontal)	HS9Z-A55	500N minimum When a retention force of 500N or more is required, use HS9Z-A53.		

[•] For actuator dimensions, see page 55.

Accessories Package Quantity: 1

	Description	Part No.	Remarks
Sliding Actuator		HS9Z-SH5	See page 76 for details.
	Handle Unit (for right-hand door)	HS9Z-DH5RH	Choose according to the required opening direction.
Door Handle Actuator	Handle Unit (for left-hand door)	HS9Z-DH5LH	See page 68 for details.
7 10 10 10 10 1	Switch Cover Unit	HS9Z-DH5C	Used for installing the interlock switch inside.
Plug Actuator		HS9Z-A5P	
Padlock Hasp		HS9Z-PH5	
Mounting Plat	e (Note 1)	HS9Z-SP51	Can be used for mounting on aluminum frames.
Rear Unlocking Button Kit		HS9Z-FL53	Used when the total thickness of mounting frame, panel, and mounting plate * is: 23 < X ≤ 33 (20 < X ≤ 30 when switch cover unit HS9Z-DH5C is used)
		HS9Z-FL54	Used when the total thickness of mounting frame, panel, and mounting plate * is: 33 < X ≤ 43 (30 < X ≤ 40 when switch cover unit HS9Z-DH5C is used)
		HS9Z-FL55	Used when the total thickness of mounting frame, panel, and mounting plate $*$ is: $43 < X \le 53$ ($40 < X \le 50$ when switch cover unit HS9Z-DH5C is used)

 $[\]ast$ The mounting part is a frame or a panel that the product is mounted on.

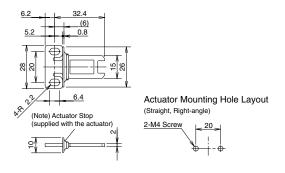
[•] See "Minimum Radius of Hinged Door" on page 59 and 60 when using the HS5E-K on hinged doors.

Note 1: When mounting HS5E-KVA0L (rear unlocking button) on an aluminum frame using the mounting plate, provide a mounting hole (see page 57) on the mounting plate and use the manual rear unlocking kit (HS9Z-FL5□).

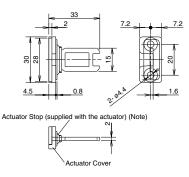
Actuator Dimensions and Mounting Hole Layouts

All dimensions in mm.

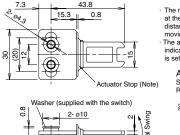
Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A51)



Right-angle Actuator (HS9Z-A52)



Straight Actuator (with Rubber Bushings) (HS9Z-A51A)



2- ø9

mounted

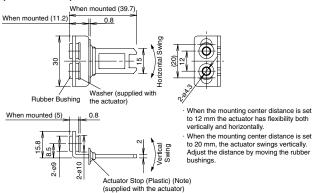
When

- The mounting center distance is set to 12 mm at the factory. When a distance of 20 mm distance is required, adjust the distance by moving the rubber bushing sideways.
 The actuator has flexibility to the direction indicated by the arrows. When 20-mm distance is selected, the actuator swings vertically.
 - Actuator Mounting Hole Layout Straight actuator (with rubber bushing) Right-angle actuator (with rubber bushing)

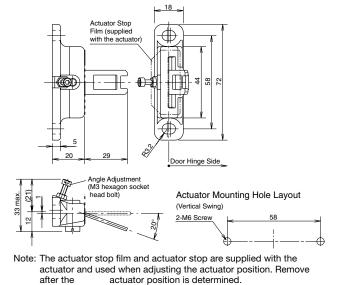


 Mounting centers can be widened to 20 mm by moving the rubber bushings.

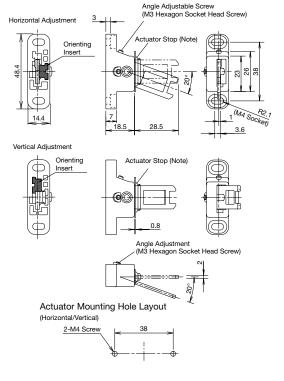
Right-angle Actuator (with Rubber Bushings) (HS9Z-A52A)



Angle Adjustable Actuator (Vertical) (HS9Z-A53)



Angle Adjustable Actuator (Horizontal/Vertical) (HS9Z-A55)



Actuator Orientation

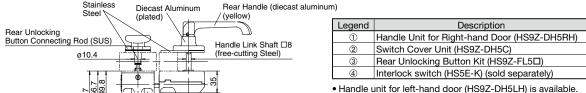
The orientation of actuator swing (horizontal/vertical) can be changed using the orienting insert (white plastic) installed on the back of the actuator. Do not lose the orienting insert, otherwise the actuator will not operate properly.

Accessory Dimensions

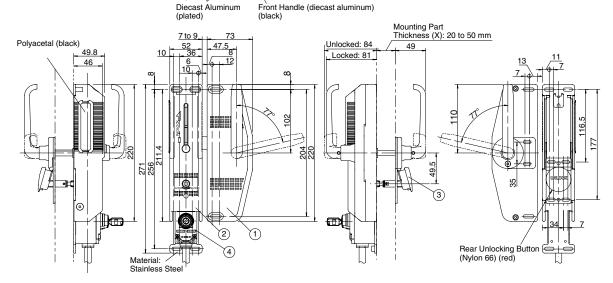
All dimensions in mm.

Door Handle Actuator

HS9Z-DH5RH (for right-hand door) / Actuator with Key HS5E-K Interlock Switch

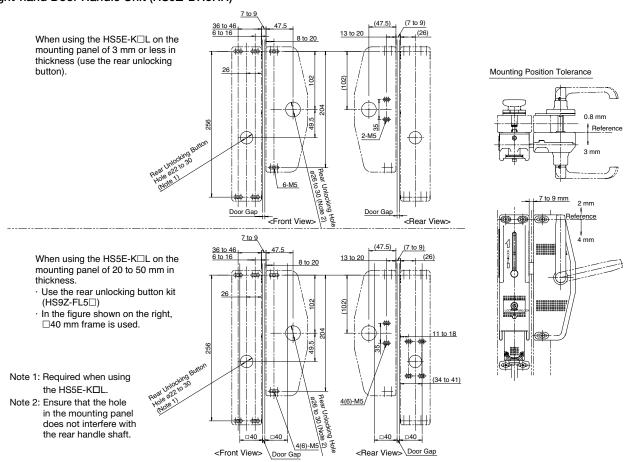


 Handle unit for left-hand door (HS9Z-DH5LH) is available For details, see page 68.



Panel Cut-out

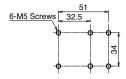
Right-hand Door Handle Unit (HS9Z-DH5RH)



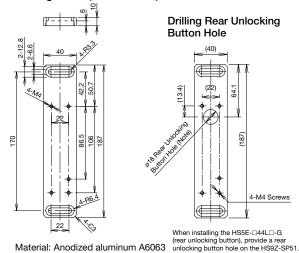
Sliding Actuator (HS9Z-SH5)

26.5 13 2.5 19 2.05.2 8-R.2.6 19 19 2.05.2 Actuator Material: Stainless Steel of Thickness: 2.5 Cover (Stainless Steel)

Panel Cut-out



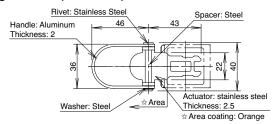
Mounting Plate (HS9Z-SP51)



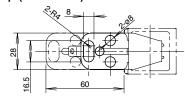
Weight: Approx. 180g

Screw: Steel

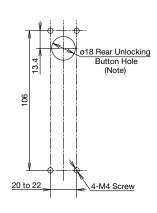
Plug Actuator (HS9Z-A5P)



Padlock Hasp (HS9Z-PH5)



Drilling Interlock Switch Mounting Hole



Rear Unlocking Button Kit (HS9Z-FL5□) Button: PA66 Rear Unlocking Button Mounting Dimensions Hinge + Plate 2 or 4-M4 Screw Material: Button pressed (unlocked) 16 - 30 27.3 Button released HS5F-KI Interlock Switch (sold separately) Pin: Stainless Steel Total thickness of mounting frame, panel, and mounting plate: 23 to 53 mm Connection Link Material: Example: Stainless Steel When mounted on a □30 mm frame using the mounting plate above (HS9Z-SP51), select HS9Z-FL54 since the mounting part thickness (X) is 40 (X=10 + 30=40). * With the mounting hole dimension, the rear unlocking button rod does not touch

the hole even when the interlock switch moves sideways.

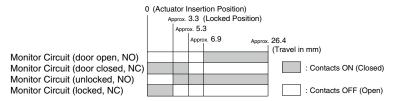
Circuit Diagrams and Operating Characteristics

			1	Υ	1	
		Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Rear Manual Unlock	
Interlock Switch Status			Door closed	 Door closed 	Door opened	Door closed
			Machine ready to operate	Machine cannot be operated	Machine cannot be operated	Machine cannot be operated
Door Status						Press Press rear unlocking button. (Note)
Circuit Diagram (Example: HS5E-KVA)		11 12 41 42 23 0 24 53 0 54	11 12 41 42 23 24 53 0 54	11 12 41 42 23 00 24 53 010 54	11 12 41 42 23 0 24 53 0 54	
Do	or		Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Opened	Closed (unlocked)
and Contact Configuration	HS5E-KVA	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12 Monitor Circuit (door open) 23-24 Monitor Circuit				
		(locked) 41-42 Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54				
d Conta	HS5E-KVD	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12				
Model and		Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22				
		Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42				
		Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52				

Note: When the operator is confined in a hazardous area, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlocking button, which should be accessed easily by the operator.

- The above contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.
- Monitor circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status or protective door lock/unlock status.

Operation Characteristics (Reference)



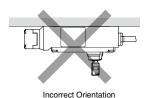
- The operating characteristics shown in the chart above are of the HS9Z-A51 actuator. For other actuators, add 1.3 mm.
- The operation characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters the entry slot of an interlock switch.

Safety Precautions

- In order to avoid electric shock or fire, turn the power off before installation, removal, wire connection, maintenance, or inspection of the interlock switch.
- If relays are used in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load, consider the danger and use safety relays, since welding or sticking contacts of standard relays may invalidate the functions of the interlock switch. Perform a risk assessment and establish a safety circuit that satisfies the requirement of the safety category.
- Do not place a PLC in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load. Safety and security can be endangered in the event of a malfunction of the PLC.
- Do not disassemble or modify the interlock switch, otherwise a breakdown or an accident may occur.
- Do not install the actuator in a location where the human body may come in contact. Otherwise injury may occur.

Instructions

- Regardless of door types, do not use the interlock switch as a door stop. Install a mechanical door stop at the end of the door to protect the interlock switch against excessive force.
- Do not apply excessive shock to the interlock switch when opening or closing the door. A shock to the interlock switch exceeding 1,000 m/s² may cause damage to the interlock switch.
- If the operating atmosphere is contaminated, use a
 protective cover to prevent the entry of foreign objects
 into the interlock switch through the actuator entry slots.
 Entry of foreign objects into the interlock switch may affect the mechanism of the interlock switch and cause a
 breakdown.
- Using the slot plugs supplied with the interlock switch, plug the unused actuator entry slots.
- Do not store the interlock switches in a dusty, humid, or organic-gas atmosphere.
- Use proprietary actuators only. Using other actuators may damage the interlock switch.
- Do not modify the actuator, otherwise it will damage the interlock switch.
- Do not open the lid of the interlock switch. Loosening the screws may damage the interlock switch.
- The actuator retention force is 1,400N. Do not apply a load higher than the rated value. When a higher load is expected, provide an additional system consisting of another interlock switch without lock (such as the HS5D/ HS5B interlock switch) or a sensor to detect the door opening and stop the machine.
- Regardless of door types, do not use the interlock switch as a door lock. Install a separate lock using a latch or take other measures.
- Although the HS9Z-A51A and HS9Z-A52A actuators (w/ rubber bushings) alleviate the shock when the actuator enters the slot on the interlock switch, make sure that excessive shock is not applied. If the rubber bushings become deformed or cracked, replace with new ones.
- Do not mount the interlock switch facing down as shown in the figure below. Otherwise, the key may fall off due to shock.



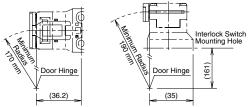
Minimum Radius of Hinged Door

When using the interlock switch for a hinged door, refer to the minimum radius of doors shown below. For doors with a small minimum radius, use angle adjustable actuators (HS9Z-A53 or HS9Z-A55).

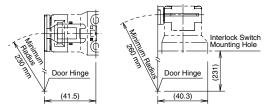
Note: Because deviation or dislocation of a hinged door may occur in actual applications, make sure of the correct operation before installation.

HS9Z-A52 Actuator

When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

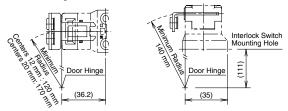


When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:

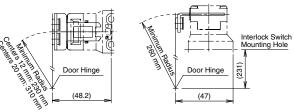


HS9Z-A52A Actuator (with rubber bushings)

When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:



When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface:



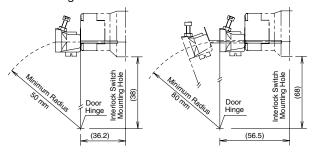
Instructions

Actuator Angle Adjustment (vertical/horizontal)

- Using the angle adjustment screw, the actuator angle can be adjusted (refer to the dimensional drawing on page 55). Adjustable angle: 0 to 20°
- The larger the adjusted angle of the actuator, the smaller the applicable radius of the door opening. After installing the actuator, open the door. Then adjust the actuator so that its edge can be inserted properly into the actuator entry slot of the interlock switch.
- After adjusting the actuator angle, apply Loctite to the adjustment screw so that the screw will not move.

When using the HS9Z-A53 Angle Adjustable (vertical) Actuator

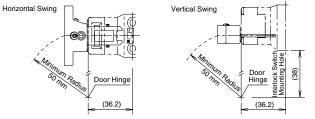
- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface: 50 mm
- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface: 80 mm



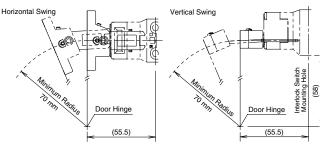
When using the HS9Z-A55 Angle Adjustable (vertical/horizontal) Actuator

- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface: 50 mm
- When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface: 70 mm

When the door hinge is on the extension line of the interlock switch surface:

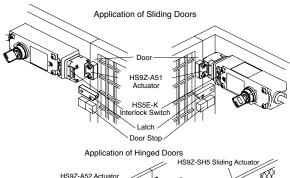


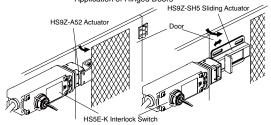
When the door hinge is on the extension line of the actuator mounting surface



Mounting Examples

 Mount the interlocks switch to a fixed machine or guard, and mount the actuator on the hinged door. Do not mount both interlock switch and actuator on the hinged doors, otherwise malfunction will occur.

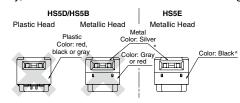




Install the interlock switch on the immovable part of the door Install the actuator on the movable part of the door.

Installing the Head

Do not use plastic and metallic heads of HS5D/HS5B interlock switches on the HS5E-K. Be sure to use HS5E metallic heads. The metal heads of the HS5E, HS5D, and HS5B look similar. When using these interlock switches adjacently, ensure that the heads are not interchanged.

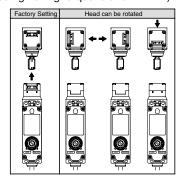


* The metal head can be distinguished easily by the color of the plastic.

Rotating the head

The head can be rotated by removing the four screws from the corners of the head and reinstalling the head in the desired orientation. Before wiring the HS5E-K, replace the head. Before replacing the head, turn the manual unlock to the UNLOCK position using the manual unlock key. When reinstalling the head, make sure that no foreign object enters the interlock switch. Tighten the screws tightly, without leaving a space between the head and body, otherwise the interlock switch may malfunction.

(Recommended tightening torque: 0.9 to 1.1 N·m)



Interlock

Switch

HS5E-K Interlock Switches with Key

Instructions

Head Removal Detection Circuitry

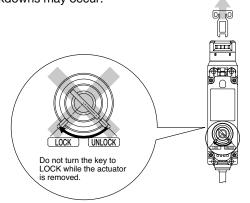
- Only the lock monitor circuit 41-42 turns off (open) when the head is removed, such as when the head is rotated.
 The other monitor circuit 51-52 turns ON (close). Be sure to connect the lock monitor circuit (41-42) to a safety circuit.
- When connecting the HS5E-K to a safety circuit, connect the door monitor circuits (11-12)

 and the lock monitor circuits (41- 42)
 in series. (GS-ET-19)
- When rotating the head, make sure that the interlock switch is not wired or that the key position is in the UN-LOCK position.

Key

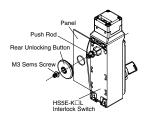
Follow the instructions below to avoid operating failures and damage.

- Insert the key completely.
- Do not remove or insert the key while turning the key.
- Other than the standard key number (500), 15 types of key numbers are available. Use a key with the same number as the number on the cylinder.
- Do not apply excessive force when turning the key. Otherwise operating failures and damage may occur.
- Do not turn the key to the LOCK side while the actuator is removed (door open). Otherwise, operating failures and breakdowns may occur.



Installing the Rear Unlocking Button (HS5E-K□L)

After installing the interlock switch on the panel, place the rear unlocking button (supplied with the switch) on the push rod on the back of the interlock switch, and fasten the button using the screw supplied with the switch. Rear unlocking buttons can be installed alone when the total thickness of mounting frame and panel is 6 mm or less. When the total thickness of mounting frame, panel, and mounting plate is 23 to 53 mm, use the rear unlocking button kit (HS9Z-FL53, HS9Z-FL54, or HS9Z-FL55) sold separately.

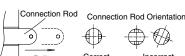


Safety Precautions

After installing the rear unlocking button, apply Loctite to the screw so that the screw dose not become loose. The button is made of glass-reinforced PA66 (66 nylon). The screw is made of iron. Take the compatibility of the plastic material and Loctite into consideration.

Mounting the Rear Unlocking Button Kit

- Install a connecting rod onto the push rod on the HS5E-K rear unlocking button interlock switch (HS5E-K□L, sold separately).
- 2. A pin is attached to the connecting rod. Insert the pin into the hole in the push rod, using pliers.
- Pull the connection rod from the hole in the mounting frame, and turn the button operating pin to the horizontal position.



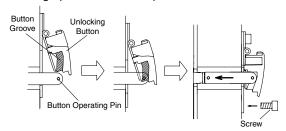
Safety Precautions

Ensure that the connecting rod is pulled out completely and it is horizontal to the interlock switch, otherwise the unlocking button cannot be installed.

Note: Frame or panel must be supplied by the user. For the mounting hole layout of interlock switches, see page 57.

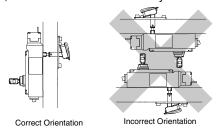
When using the mounting plate HS9Z-SP51, provide a hole for the connecting rod in the plate according to the mounting plate mounting hole layout shown on page 57.

- 4. Install the unlocking button on the connecting rod by fitting the pin to the grooves on the back of the button, and fasten the base plate on the mounting frame using the screws.
- 5. After fastening the screws, check if locking and unlocking operations can be performed.



Safety Precautions

Install the rear unlocking button kit in the correct direction as shown below. Do not install the kit in incorrect directions, otherwise a malfunction may occur.

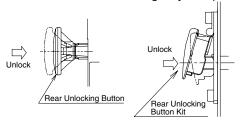


Do not apply strong force, exceeding 100 m/s², to the interlock switch while the rear unlocking button is not pressed, otherwise a malfunction may occur.

Instructions

Manual Unlocking using the Rear Unlocking Button

The rear unlocking button is used by the operator confined in a hazardous area for emergency escape.



How to operate

- When the rear unlocking button is pressed, the interlock switch is unlocked and the door can be opened.
- To lock the interlock switch, pull back the button.
- When the button remains pressed, the interlock switch cannot be locked even if the door is closed, and the main circuit remains open.

Safety Precautions

- Install the rear unlocking button in a place where only the operator inside the hazardous area can use it. Do not install the button in a place where an operator outside the hazardous area can use it, otherwise the interlock switch may be unlocked during usual machine operation, causing danger.
- Operate the rear unlocking button by hand only. Do not operate using a tool or with excessive force. Do not apply force to the button from the direction other than the proper direction, otherwise the button will be damaged.

Recommended Tightening Torque for Mounting Screws

 HS5E-K interlock switch: 1.8 to 2.2 N·m (four M4 screws) (Note)

• Rear unlocking button: 0.5 to 0.7 N·m

• Rear unlocking button kit: 4.8 to 5.2 N·m (M5 Screw)

Actuators

HS9Z-A51: 1.8 to 2.2 N·m (two M4 screws) (Note)

HS9Z-A52: 0.8 to 1.2 N·m (two M4 Phillips

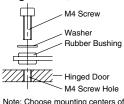
screws)

HS9Z-A51A/A52A: 1.0 to 1.5 N·m (two M4 screws) (Note) HS9Z-A53: 4.5 to 5.5 N·m (two M6 screws) (Note) HS9Z-A55: 1.0 to 1.5 N·m (two M4 screws) (Note)

Note: The above recommended tightening torques of the mounting screws are the values confirmed with hex socket head bolts. When other screws are used and tightened to a smaller torque, make sure that the screws do not become loose after mounting.

- Mounting bolts must be provided by the users.
- To avoid unauthorized or unintended removal of the interlock switch and the actuator, it is recommended that the interlock switch and actuator are installed in a secure manner, for example using special screws or welding the screws.

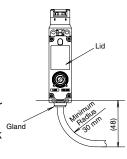
When installing the HS9Z-A51A and HS9Z-A52A actuators, use the washer (supplied with the actuator) on the hinged door, and mount tightly using two M4 screws.



Instructions

Cables

- Do not fasten or loosen the gland at the bottom of the interlock switch.
- When bending the cable during wiring, make sure that the cable radius is kept at 30 mm minimum.
- When wiring, make sure that water or oil does not enter the cable.
- Do not open the lid of the interlock switch. Otherwise the interlock switch will be damaged.



Wire Identification

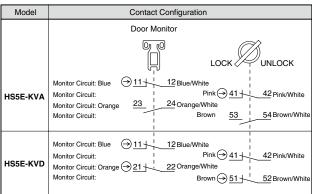
- Wires can be identified by color and white line printed on the wire.
- Wires whose colors are white, black, gray and gray/white cannot be used.

No.	Insulation	No.	Insulation	No.	Insulation	No.	Insulation
1	White	4	Blue	7	Blue/White	10	Pink/White
2	Black	5	Brown/White	8	Orange/White	11	Gray
3	Brown	6	Orange	9	Pink	12	Gray/White



Circuit Code Identification

- Circuit codes can be identified by the insulation color in each contact configuration.
- The following table shows the identification of circuit numbers.
- When wiring, cut unnecessary wires such as the dummy insulation (white) and any unused wires.



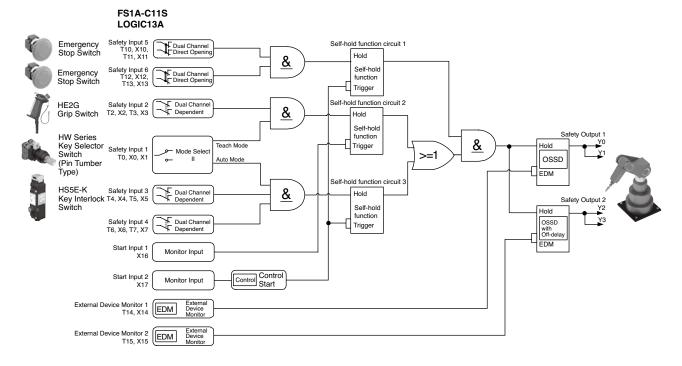
 The contact configuration shows the status where the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

Logic Circuit using FS1A Safety Controller

Example 1: Hostage control (one robot)

Turn the key selector switch to Teach Mode and remove the key. Unlock HS5E-K using the same key, then remove the key and open the door to enter.

Gripping the enabling switch in the enabling position enables the robot to operate.



Example 2: Partial Mode Change (Multiple Robots)

Three FS1A safety controllers are required for two robots and four FS1A safety controllers for three robots.

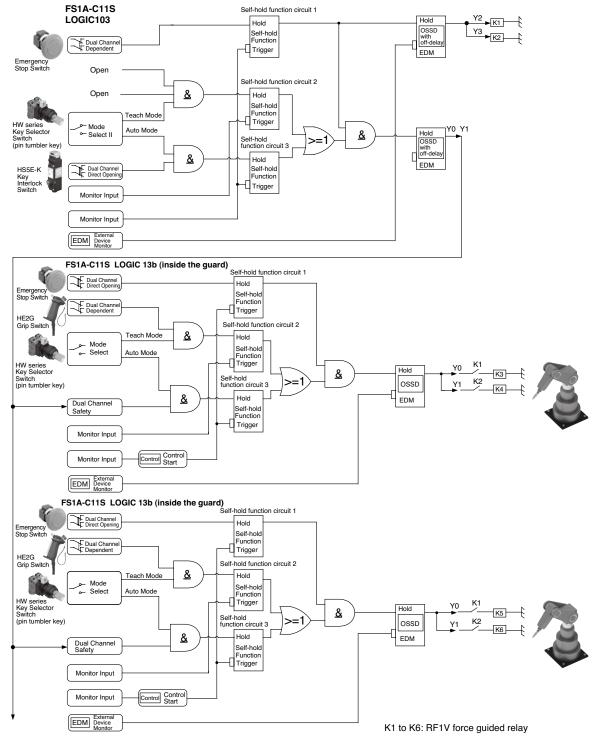
Turn the key selector switch of the first robot (logic no. 103) to Teach Mode and remove the key. Unlock the HS5E-K interlock switch using the same key and open the door to enter. Using the same key, Turn the key selector switches of the second (logic No. 13b) or subsequent robots to be operated to Teach Mode. Gripping the enabling switch in the enabling position enables the robot to operate.

- Note 1: Teaching is possible with one robot at a time. Teaching multiple robots is not possible at the same time.
- Note 2: The emergency stop switch connected to the first FS1A safety controller is effective for all robots.
- Note 3: Connect safety outputs Y2 and Y3 (solid state outputs) of the first FS1A safety controller to the RF1V force guided relay (K1, K2), and connect its NO contact to the safety output Y0, Y1 of the second and the subsequent FS1A safety controllers. Connect NC contact to the EDM input of the first FS1A safety controller.

The required number of RF1V (K1, K2):

For two robots: 2NO2NC For three robots: 3NO1NC For four robots: 4NO2NC

- Note 4: The emergency stop switch connected to the second and subsequent FS1A safety controllers are effective for the robot only.
- Note 5: Connect the NC contacts of K3 and K4 to EDM input of the second FS1A safety controller. Connect the NC contacts of K5 and K6 to the EDM input of the third FS1A safety controller. Select force guided relays for K3, K4, K5 and K6 according to the operation control circuits of the robots.



EP5545A-HS5EK_April 2021

